6 Robert Street Parkdale

24th November 2021

COURT ORDERS

CONFIRMING THE VERDICT OF THE COURT

In the matter of

The People (represented by Barry-john. Victoria Australia

(Plaintiffs)

V

Brett Sutton Living Man

(Defendant)

Dated: 24th November 2021

Notice Brett Sutton living man was indicted by a grand jury on the 3rd July 2021 copy attached.

In relation to the Plaintiffs case Barry John presented his Statement of Claim on behalf of the people.

The Defendant having been served with a Court Summons, Court Information and a copy of the case against them (Statement of Claim), failed to appear. The Defendant received the statement stating he was indicted by a Common-law jury.

During the trial, Barry-john presented the case for the Plaintiffs and submitted his request for the following:

- 1. A guilty verdict against the Defendants for various crimes that they had committed against the people.
- 2. An order to remove the Defendants from their positions.
- 3. If the above was granted, a request was made that the jury should consider any financial implications that may be relevant.

In relation to the Statement of Claim and the supporting evidence presented this day by Dr Barry-john. On behalf of the Plaintiffs, we the Jury, consisting of twelve reasonably minded men and women and having considered all the evidence presented at this hearing, issue the following orders:

We the Jury issue an order which confirms that the Defendant have acted unlawfully and criminally in relation to the following crimes:

An Abuse of Position

The Defendant, by their failure to obtain consent, authority and/or jurisdiction has committed crimes against the people and has used their positions and statutory legislation to target innocent living men and living woman.

Note:

The Declaration of the Common Law Court

'Borrowing from the declaration of our ancestors, made in Arbroath in 1320, we declare that, as long as but a hundred of us remain alive, never will we on any conditions be brought under mandatory rule by legal statute.'

Common Law Court - Lawful Notice

'No living men or women who have confirmed their standing under the jurisdiction of the Common Law Court will be subjected to statutory control, until such time that the state can confirm that they have established a superior claim to that of the Common Law Court.

The use of Common Law Court identification confirms that living men and women stand under the jurisdiction of the Common Law Court. It therefore becomes a criminal offence to criminally coerce the individual identified into the statutory system and a crime against the people. Anyone responsible for criminal coercion will be held personally liable in their private capacity and will have to answer to the people.'

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 12

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honour and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.

Kidnapping (Unlawful detention)

The Defendant is responsible for the unlawful detention of living men and living woman (the people of Victoria).

The Defendant, through his unlawful behaviour is subjecting the Plaintiff (on behalf of the People) to fear, intimidation and threats, thus causing fear, alarm and distress.

Note:

The Declaration of the Common Law Court

'We, the people, can no longer endure such assaults on our loved ones and personal freedoms and hereby confirm our inherent right to stand under the jurisdiction of the Common Law. Based, as it is, on the timeless laws which govern the conduct of men and were established by our creator in days of old and remembered and loved by our fathers as they built our nations. We will hold to this without ceasing for any man.'

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 5

No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

Article 9

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention or exile.

Criminal Coercion

The Defendant is guilty of the unlawful acts of attempting to force living men and living woman to do something, by way of accepting a legal fiction which they wanted to attach to them.

Uttering

The crime of knowingly using a forged or counterfeit document to defraud. This includes the use of unlawful court orders, warrants and the legal fiction.

Note:

The Declaration of the Common Law Court

Common Law Courts

Great Britain & International

'We the people have inherent birth rights, established by our creator, which protect us from harm, loss and injury from others.'

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 10

Everyone is entitled in full equality to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal, in the determination of his rights and obligations and of any criminal charge against him.

Article 11

Everyone charged with a penal offence has the right to be presumed innocent until proved guilty according to law in a public trial at which he has had all the guarantees necessary for his defence.

Fraud

The deliberate deception used to obtain an unlawful gain, this is applicable to the use of the legal fiction and the authority and jurisdiction which had been taken, but not established by the Defendant.

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 4

No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all their forms (this would include the use of the legal fiction).

Note:

The Declaration of the Common Law Court

'For many years now, men and women have been subjected to criminal and fraudulent behaviour by the state's actions which have been imposed upon us, against our will, by both criminal coercion and legal deception. Fear and fiction have thus combined to bind us into slavery.'

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 7

All are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to equal protection of the law. All are entitled to equal protection against any discrimination in violation of this Declaration and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Article 10

Everyone is entitled in full equality to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal, in the determination of his rights and obligations and of any criminal charge against him.

Article 20

No one may be compelled to belong to an association.

Refusal to comply with common law

Under common law, the Defendant is accountable for their own behaviour as living men and for crimes against living men and living women.

The Defendant cannot hide behind the statutory system while being paid by the people.

Refusal to comply with statutory legislation

The Defendant is guilty of Malfeasance.

The Defendants work for corporations that have no authority over living men and living woman.

Note:

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948

Article 18

Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; this right includes freedom to change his religion or belief, and freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in teaching, practice, worship and observance.

Refusal to comply with United Nations Human Rights Charter 1948

The information above confirms that the Defendant have failed to comply with the above charter and in doing so have endangered their countries positions as signatories.

The Defendant in doing so is also guilty of committing crimes against the people.

Misprision of Treason

Common Law Courts

Great Britain & International

The Defendants under common law/natural law/universal law are guilty of misprision, knowing a treason is being or is about to be committed but does not report it to a proper authority.

- 1. **It is hereby ordered** that after a unanimous decision of the court, we order the Defendant to be removed from their existing employment positions, for crimes against the people.
- 2. **It is hereby ordered** that after a unanimous decision of the court, the following conditions apply to the Defendants removal:

The living man, Brett Sutton is to lose all salary and emoluments and pension fund, from the announcement of this court.

A as reparation for the harm, loss and injury caused, the sum of \$....... For conclusion and satisfaction of the Common Law Court.

It is hereby ordered that after a unanimous decision of the court, we the Jury confirm the following:

It is hereby ordered that after a unanimous decision of the court that a copy of this order is sent to the International Criminal Court, 10, 2597 AK Den Haag, Netherlands for international distribution and awareness amongst their member countries and to any related bodies of similar standing.

In the event that these orders are not complied with, the Common Law Court may take further action against the individual concerned, to enforce its decisions.

These Court Orders are effective as of this date and will remain in force until such time as they have been enforced. These orders are issued under the authority of this Common Law Court and Jus Gentium, the Law of Nations.

IT IS SO ORDERED THIS 24th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021 AT 3 PM AEST

PRESIDING SHERIFF AND THE COURT SECRETARY OF THE COMMON LAW COURT, GREAT BRITAIN and Australia.

(Signature of the Sheriff)

(Signature of the Court Secretary)

Court Order: CO/02/21/VIC